

# Cell4Pharma Vesicular Transport Assay

## Brief general protocol

### Background

With the Cell4Pharma Vesicular Transport Assay substrate determination, inhibition studies and several kinetic studies can be performed. Transport can be measured radioactive, fluorescent or analytical (LCMS).

### Necessary equipment:

- Plate Shaker
- Water bath
- MultiscreenHTS-Vacuum Manifold filtration device (Merck Millipore)
- Multichannel pipets (advised)
- Scintillation counter, fluorescent detector or LC-MS/MS

### Necessary disposables:

- V-shape 96-wells incubation plates (651101, Greiner-bio-one) (make hole in corner to remove air and get better water contact)
- Filter plates
  - o PVDF (MSHVN4B50, Merck Millipore)
  - o Glass Fiber (MSFBN6B50, Merck Millipore)

#### *Radioactive:*

- Punching tips (MADP19650, Merck Millipore)
- Counting vials
- Topcount adapter, **for 96-wells counting only** (MSTPCWH50, Merck Millipore)

#### *Fluorescent:*

- Black flat bottom 96-wells plate (655096, Greiner-bio-one)

#### *Analytical:*

- Flat bottom 96-wells plate (655101, Greiner-bio-one)

### Chemicals:

- Scintillation fluid (6013199, Perkin Elmer)

### Buffers/Solutions:

- Cell4Pharma Stop/Wash buffer (2x)
- Cell4Pharma assay buffer (2x): 500 mM Sucrose, 20 mM Tris-HEPES, pH 7.4
- MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 500 mM
- AMP, 100 mM pH 7.4
- ATP, 100 mM pH 7.4

### Assay design advice:

- Performing incubations in triplicate
- For every test condition, dedicate three wells for AMP-containing buffer (background signal) and three wells for ATP-containing buffer. The difference between AMP- and ATP-containing conditions represents ATP-dependent uptake.

Protocol:

1. Prepare substrate mixture according to the following scheme:

*Table 1: Substrate mixture (for multiple samples prepare a master mix)*

<b>Mixture for each well:</b>		
Cell4Pharma assay buffer 2x	12.5	µl
Cell4Pharma MgCl <sub>2</sub> (500 mM)	0.6	µl
Substrate	x *	µl
Inhibitor	x *	µl
Cell4Pharma AMP or ATP (100 mM)	1.2	µl
MilliQ	x *	µl
		<b>Total 25 µl</b>

Maximum final DMSO concentration 1 %.

2. Place the v-shaped 96-wells plate on ice.
3. Thaw the vesicles at 37°C for 1 minute and place on ice.
4. Pipet 5 µl vesicles at the bottom of the well.
5. Add 25 µl/well ice cold substrate mixture prepared according to table 1 (mix on shaker for 10 sec).
6. Incubate the plate in a 37°C water bath for x minutes \*
7. Dilute the original Cell4Pharma Stop/Wash buffer 2X first and stop the reaction by transferring the plate on ice and immediately add 150 µl ice-cold diluted Cell4Pharma Stop/Wash buffer.
8. Prewet the 96-wells filter plate # with 200 µl Cell4Pharma Stop/Wash buffer and apply vacuum to remove buffer just before transferring the samples.
9. Transfer the samples to the filter plate and wash twice with 200 µl Cell4Pharma Stop/Wash buffer by applying vacuum. Be sure the filters are dry after the second wash step.
10. The following step is dependent on the method of sample analysis:
  - a. Radioactivity counting in vials: remove plastic bottom underneath the filter plate and transfer filters using punching tips and add scintillation liquid
  - b. 96-wells radioactivity counting: carefully remove plastic bottom underneath the filter plate, place a topcount adapter and add scintillation liquid
  - c. Analytical measurements: place a flat-bottom 96-wells plate in the vacuum device, extract the samples with solvent # by applying vacuum.
  - d. Fluorescent measurements: place a black flat-bottom 96-wells plate in the vacuum device, extract the samples with solvent # by applying vacuum.

\* Transporter dependent.

# Substrate dependent.

**More detailed protocols including transporter-specific specifications are available.**